

July 25, 2019

Senator/Representative Washington, DC

Dear Senator/Representative,

The undersigned members of the Consortium for Citizens with Disabilities (CCD) write in recognition of the 29th anniversary of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). CCD is the largest coalition of national organizations working together to advocate for federal public policy that ensures the self-determination, independence, empowerment, integration, and inclusion of children and adults with disabilities in all aspects of society.

On July 26, 1990, President George H.W. Bush signed the ADA. The ADA is the nation's most comprehensive civil rights law addressing the needs of people with disabilities. The law prohibits disability-based discrimination in employment, public services, public accommodations, and telecommunications. It is a carefully constructed law reflecting compromises that ensure flexibility for covered entities, including the business community while at the same time opening the doors of society to people with disabilities.

Over the last 29 years, tremendous strides have been made in removing barriers for people with disabilities to employment, transportation, businesses, public services, and telecommunications. The ADA has enabled society to benefit from the skills, talents, and purchasing power of individuals with disabilities and leads to more productive and inclusive lives for all Americans. Without the ADA, our economy would not have the full benefit of workers with disabilities and our communities would not reflect the full diversity of our nation.

Most businesses, including hotels, grocery stores, doctors' offices, and restaurants are considered to be public accommodations under the ADA. Businesses can receive free technical assistance through the federally funded ADA National Network (<u>https://adata.org</u>). The ADA National Network has 10 regional centers located throughout the country that can provide individual assistance, in-person trainings, webinars, and publications about the ADA. Additional assistance is available for businesses at <u>https://www.ada.gov/</u> and toll-free ADA Information by calling 800-514-0301 (voice); 800-514-0383 (TTY).

Tax incentives are also available to help eligible businesses remove barriers, including a specific small business tax credit. The small business tax credit is available to those businesses with

total revenues of \$1,000,000 or less in the previous tax year or 30 or fewer full-time employees. This credit can cover 50 percent of the eligible access expenditures in a year up to \$10,250 (maximum credit of \$5,000) and can be used to offset the cost of undertaking barrier removal and alterations to improve accessibility; providing accessible formats such as Braille or large print; making available a sign language interpreter; and purchasing certain adaptive equipment. The tax deduction is available to all businesses with a maximum deduction of \$15,000 per year and can be claimed for expenses incurred in barrier removal and alterations. Additional information is available at https://adata.org/factsheet/quicktips-tax.

This month marks the 29th anniversary of the ADA, and while the law has made enormously important changes, many barriers to inclusion of people with disabilities remain. We urge you to ensure that implementation and enforcement of the ADA continue, and that no steps are taken to weaken the ADA's protections. We also urge you to reach out to CCD, which collectively represents millions of Americans with all types of disabilities, when considering any legislative proposals that may have an impact on the ADA. By protecting the ADA and providing greater investments in ADA technical assistance and even more robust tax incentives or other similar mechanisms to assist businesses in complying with the law, we can ensure a more just and equitable society.

Sincerely,

American Academy of Physical Medicine & Rehabilitation American Association of People with Disabilities American Association on Health and Disability American Civil Liberties Union American Dance Therapy Association American Foundation for the Blind American Music Therapy Association American Network of Community Options & Resources (ANCOR) American Occupational Therapy Association American Physical Therapy Association American Psychological Association American Speech-Language-Hearing Association American Therapeutic Recreation Association Association of People Supporting Employment First ATAP AUCD Autism Society of America Autism Speaks Autistic Self Advocacy Network Autistic Women & Nonbinary Network Brain Injury Association of America **Center for Public Representation** Children and Adults with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder Christopher & Dana Reeve Foundation Conference of Educational Administrators of Schools and Programs for the Deaf Council for Exceptional Children **Council for Learning Disabilities** Council of Administrators of Special Education Council of Parent Attorneys and Advocates Council of State Administrators of Vocational Rehabilitation Disability Rights Education & Defense Fund (DREDF) **Epilepsy Foundation Family Voices** The Jewish Federations of North America Justice in Aging Learning Disabilities Association of America Lutheran Services in America-Disability Network National Alliance on Mental Illness National Association of Councils on Developmental Disabilities National Association of State Directors of Developmental Disabilities Services National Association of State Head Injury Administrators National Center for Learning Disabilities National Center for Special Education in Charter Schools National Disability Institute National Disability Rights Network National Down Syndrome Congress National Health Law Program National Multiple Sclerosis Society National Organization on Disability National Respite Coalition Paralyzed Veterans of America RespectAbility School Social Work Association of America SourceAmerica TASH, Inc. The Advocacy Institute The Arc of the United States The National Council on Independent Living **United Spinal Association**