

CCD Long Term Services and Supports Task Force 2022 Federal Agency Priorities

The <u>LTSS Task Force</u> addresses the services and supports that enable individuals with disabilities of all ages to live in their own homes and communities, known as Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS). HCBS, which are primarily provided through Medicaid, are necessary for the community integration, full participation, independent living, and economic self-sufficiency for many people with disabilities and older adults and makes it possible for them to fully exercise their civil and human rights.

The Task Force federal agency priorities include:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

- Home and Community Based Services Settings Rule: Prioritize strong implementation
 of the HCBS Settings Rule, including by providing additional guidance, technical
 assistance (TA) to states, and ongoing monitoring, with a focus on the heightened
 scrutiny process.
- HCBS Improvements: Work with states and stakeholders on strategies for unwinding emergency waivers and Appendix Ks and permanently incorporating beneficial changes into HCBS programs; allow Appendix Ks up to 12 months after the PHE.
 Work with CMS to implement the HCBS FMAP bump that was included in the American Rescue Plan Act. If Build Back Better or other similar legislation passes, work with states, stakeholders, and CMS to implement the improvements.
- HCBS Quality Measures: Finalize and work with states to implement core quality measures for HCBS that emphasize person-centered services, compliance with the HCBS Settings Rule, equity in access to HCBS, and best practices.
- Comment on Medicaid Waivers that Threaten Community Integration: Rescind CMS'
 guidance and waivers that increase funding for psychiatric institutional placements
 instead of investing in community-based behavioral health care. Encourage CMS and
 HHS to support states to expand robust HCBS for people with mental health
 disabilities.

- Equity in Access to HCBS: Work with ACL and OCR to identify racial and other
 inequities in HCBS and develop strategies for addressing those inequities at the
 intersection of marginalized identities, including requiring states to develop equity
 plans for their HCBS programs, providing TA and funding for outreach to Black,
 Indigenous, and other communities of color, including non-native English speakers
 and LGBTQ+, and providers that serve them, and prioritize transition efforts in
 institutions disproportionally with residents from those communities.
- Olmstead: Provide guidance on how states can further Olmstead implementation in their Medicaid systems, particularly in light of COVID-19 laying bare the risks of institutional and large congregate settings; work with the Department of Justice to support their Olmstead enforcement activities.
- HCBS 1915(c) budgeting and transparency: Ask CMS to require states to explain how
 a person's needs will be met when they hit a service cap; create transparency
 requirements around LTSS assessment tools and use of budgets/calculations of
 budgets.
- Linkages with housing: Collaborate with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) regarding targeting affordable, integrated, accessible housing to people transitioning from, or at risk of entering, institutions; provide technical assistance to states about leveraging Medicaid for housing-related supports.
- Workforce: Together with ACL, work with states and stakeholders to develop strategies to address workforce shortages in Medicaid HCBS programs.

Administration for Community Living (ACL)

- Ask ACL to prioritize research to identify, and policies to address, inequities in access to HCBS and coordinate related interagency initiatives including with CMS, OCR, and the National Institute of Health's Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities.
- Work with ACL to ensure that moving forward, CDC and CMS definitions of "long term care" settings and congregate settings include the full range of congregate settings in which people with disabilities may live, and that protections for people with disabilities are applied equitably and meaningfully to all included settings.

Office for Civil Rights

COVID19 Vaccine Allocation: Ensure that people with disabilities and older adults,
particularly those in any institutional or congregate setting or receiving HCBS in a
setting where it is not possible to socially distance, continue to be prioritized for the
COVID19 vaccine and related third doses or booster shots and are not discriminated
against in violation of federal disability laws; engage in culturally competent,
accessible outreach to ensure that people with disabilities and older adults are given

information to make an informed choice about the vaccination; ensure long-term care facilities do not discriminate against people who decline vaccination. See <u>principles</u>.

CCD LTSS Co-chairs:

Julia Bascom, Autistic Self Advocacy Network (202-558-1270, jbascom@autisticadvocacy.org)

Dan Berland, National Association of State Directors of Developmental Disabilities Services (703-683-4202, dberland@nasddds.org)

Nicole Jorwic, Caring Across Generations, (630-915-8339, nicole@caringacross.org) Jennifer Lav, National Health Law Program (202-552-5139, lav@healthlaw.org) Gelila Selassie, Justice in Aging (202-891-7854, gselassie@justiceinaging.org)

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